UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION,

Plaintiff,

v. 09-CV-6329T

PAUL NAVESTAD aka PAUL RICHARD individually and doing business as THE CASH GRANT INSTITUTE, GLOBAL AD AGENCY, GLOBAL ADVERTISING AGENCY, DOMAIN LEASING COMPANY and/or CASH GRANT SEARCH, and CHINTANA MASPAKORN aka CHRISTINA MASPAKORN individually and doing business as THE CASH GRANT INSTITUTE, GLOBAL AD AGENCY, GLOBAL ADVERTISING AGENCY, DOMAIN LEASING COMPANY and/or CASH GRANT SEARCH,

1 1

DECISION

and ORDER

Defendants.

INTRODUCTION

Plaintiff Federal Trade Commission ("FTC") brings this action against the defendants alleging that they have violated the Federal ("FTC Act" Trade Commission Act or the "Act") bν engaging in unlawful telemarketing and internet-marketing schemes. Plaintiff also alleges violations of the Telemarketing Sales Rule ("TSR") under the Telemarketi ng and Consumer Fraud and Abuse Act ("the Specifically, Prevention Telemarketing Act"). plaintiff claims that the defendants have engaged in unfair and deceptive practices by advertising the availability of private and/or cash grants to individuals governmental for almost any purpose, and fees for information then charging related to the alleged grants. According the plaintiff, grants deceptively to the cash are advertised as being widelv available and instantly or quickly available to individuals, when in fact, such grants are not widely

Upon visiting one of the defendants' websites, the consumer would be dire ct ed to yet another website that would charge a fee for providing information about cash grants from public private sources. The defendants received fees for referring consumers to the fee-charging websites. The fee-charging websites did not provide grants to any consumers, and unlike the defendants' phone calls and websites, disclosed that it was very difficult to obtain cash grants from public or private sources, that very few people qualified for such grants, and that obtaining a grant generally involved a lengthy, competitive application process. In addition to providing consumers with false and misleading information, the defendants also allegedly made more than 2.7 million calls to consumers who were on the national "do not call" registry. The defendants calls also failed connect consumers a live to to if so requested by the consumer, within operator, two seconds, as required by law.

Defendants Navestad and Maspakorn have each invoked Amendment to the United riahts under the Fifth States Constitution to not incriminate themselves by responding to plaintiff's interrogatories, requests for admissions, and discovery demands including take testimony from the defen dants. requests to Nevertheless, Navestad opposes the plaintiff's motion for summary judgment on grounds that the plaintiff has failed to establish that he was responsible for the alleged illegal activity. Specifically,

he was merely a consultant the companies Navestad alleges that for Navest ad alleges that that engaged in the alleged wrongdoings. there are several material questions of fact in dispute, and that the evide nce submitted by the plaintiff fails establish to violations of the FTC Act, the Telecommunications Act or rules promulgated thereunder.

Standard Of Review

A. Summary Judgment Standard

of the Federal Procedure provides Rule 56(c) Rules of Civil summary judgment "should if that be rendered the pleading s, the and disclosure materials on file, and any affidavits discovery show that there is no genuine issue as to any material fact and that the entitled iudament law." When movant is to as a matter of considering a motion for summary judgment, all genuinely disputed facts must be resolved in favor of the party against whom summary iudgment Scott v. Harris, 550 U.S. 372, 380 (2007). is sought. If, after considering the evidence in the light most favorable to the nonmoving party, the court finds that no rational jury could that find in favor of party, a grant of summary judgment 550 U.S. appropriate. Scott, at 380 (ci t i ng Matsushita Elec. Zenith 475 U.S. Industrial Co. v. Radio Corp., 574. 586-587 (1986)).

B. Defendant Navestad's invocation of his Fifth Amendment Privilege.

answer Defendant Navestad has refused to the plaintiff's interrogatories, r equests for admission, and has refused to be deposed by invoking his Fifth Amendment right to be free from self incrimination. As a result, the FTC argues that the court may draw a negative inference from the defendant's refusal to

which a witness ... declines to answer questions, it has never been thought to be in itself a substitute for evidence that would assist in meeting a burden of production."

The FTC contends that this court may draw a negative inference from Navestad's assertion of his Fifth Amendment rights. While it is "settled law that a trier of fact may draw an adverse inference in a civil action against a party who invokes the Fifth Amendment privilege, application of such a rule in the context of a summary presents judgment motion potential conflict. а as courts are "admonished considering such motions to construe all evidence, the defendants' in a light including silence, most favorable to the nonmoving party." Fidelity Funding of Cal., Inc. v. Reinhold, 79 110, 116-117 (E.D.N.Y.1997). See also In re Jacobs, F.Supp.2d 394 E.D. N. Y., 2008)(acknowledging B.R. 646, 663-664 (Bkrtcy. that courts" the summary judgment stage, "several have declined to draw a negative inference based on a party's invocation Fifth of Amendment rights.)

and business records such as contracts and financial statements. 1 The defendants, through their silence, have failed to rebut the FTC has affirmatively demonstrated evidence. and because the thr ough evidence that it is entitled to the relief it seeks. the court need not rely on any negative inference from the defendants' Fifth Amendment rights assertion of their to establish that the FTC entitled to relief. ² In short, the thorou gh and detailed is

In apparent recognition of its difficult burden of proving rate difficult burden of proving rated and the cut from the cut

government payments for the purpose of reducing The their debt. that these claims were material, FTC has established were false and and were made for the purpose of misleading deceptive, consumers. Because I find that the evidence submitted by the FTC establishes that the defendants made mat erial false and deceptive statements consumers, I find that the FTC is entitled for purpose of deceiving to summary judgment in its favor with respect to its claims that the defendants have violated the FTC Act.

The FTC has established through the evidence submitted to the court that the defendants have violated the TSR by: making calls consumers who were registered on the "do not call" list: to to access the "do not call" failing pay the fee required registry: to provide an opt-out mechanism for consumers; failing to connect consumers to alive operator within two seconds of a request to do so; and making false statements to consumers in an effort to induce them to pay for services that would allegedly enable them to easily and quickly receive public or private grants.

With respect to calls to consumers on the "do not call the FTC has provided documentary and testimonial evidence that Navestad placed at least 2.734 million calls to consumers The FTC has further registered on that list. provided to access the "do not call" that the defendants failed registry to do so and paying the applicable fee for each area code applying to which the defendants placed calls. The unrebutted evidence further demonstrates that the phone calls placed by the defendants were recorded messages that did not provide consumers with a method the phone call, optin g out of receiving nor did the calls provide consumers with the ability to speak to live representative. As stated above, the FTC has established that made by the defendants in their recorded messages, that recipients of the calls were already qual i fied to receive grants that could be used to pay off personal debt, were false. misleading, deceptive, and made with the intent of ind ucing the

- 2. "Asset" means any legal or equitable interest to, or claim to, any real and personal property, including, but not limited goods, chattel. instruments. equipment, to, fixtures, general intangibles, effects. leaseholds, other contracts. mail or deliveries, shares stock, securities. or inventory, checks, accounts, credits, notes, receivables (as those terms are defined in the Uniform Commercial Code), lists of consumer account s, credits, premises, names, including but not receivables, cash, trusts, limited to asset protection trusts. and reserve funds or other accounts associated with any payments processed on behalf of any Defendant, including, but not limited to, such reserve funds held by a payment processor, credit card processor, or bank.
- 3. "Assisting others" includes, but is not limited to:
 - (A) performing customer service functions, including, but not limited to, receiving or responding to consumer complaints;
 - (B) for mul at ing or providing, or arranging for the formulation or provision of, any marketing material;

- (I) paying, or authorizing the payment of, company expenses;
- (J) registering domain names;
- (K) opening or managing mailbox accounts;
- (L) acting or serving as a consultant or independent contractor of any entity.
- 4. "Credit related goods or services" shall purports mean any business activity that directly (1) provide or indirectly to: consumers. for consumers to receive. arrange or assist consumers in receiving loans, financing, credit or debit cards; (2) improve, or arrange to improve, any consumer's credit record, credit history, or credit rating; (3) advice or assistance to any consumer or service with regard to any activity the purpose of which is to improve a consumer's credit credit record. history. or credit (4) provide arrange for rating; consumers, consumers in consumers to receive, or assist receiving a loan or other extension of credit; (5) provide consumers, arrange for consumers to receive, or assist consumers in receiving, consolidation. debt other debt relief. or credit counseling; provide for consumers
 - (6) provide consumers, arrange for consumers to receive, or assist consumers in receiving, credit monitoring.
- 5. "Defendant Navestad" means Defendant Paul Navestad. Navestad" means "Defendant Paul Navesta

advertisements placed on the World Wide Web), FTP Logs, Server Access Logs, USENETNewsgroup World Wide Web pages, books, written postings, printed records, handwritten notes, telephone telephone scripts. receipt logs, personal and business books, ledgers, canceled checks and check registers. bank statements, appointment books, computer records, and other data compilations from which information be obtained and translated. A draft or nonidentical copy is a separate document within the meaning of the term.

- 8. "Grant" means any product or service referred to as a "grant," or an award of value or financial assistance.
- goods or services" 9. "Grant procurement means any goods or services which are advertised, offered for sale. or sold to consumers as a method by which consumers may obtain, receive, apply for, or learn how to obtain, receive. apply for a Grant, disbursement. subsidy. stimulus, or any other kind of financial including, limited assistance. but not to grant procurement brochures, CDs, videotapes, DVDs, and websites.
- 10. "Including" means "including without limitation."
- "Person" person, 11. means a natural organization, other legal entity, including or а proprietorship. corporation. partnership. Ö v proher p association, cooperative, sA • on&

ORDER WITH RESPECT TO PAUL NAVESTAD

I. BAN RELATING TO ADVERTISING, MARKETING, PROMOTING, OFFERING FOR SALE, SELLING, OR PROMISING OF GRANTS OR GRANT PROCUREMENT GOODS OR SERVICES

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Defendant Navestad, whether acting any other Person, directly or through corporation. partnership. subsidiary, division, other device. is permanently agent, or restrained and enjoined from engaging, participating, or assisting others in marketing, promoting, generating leads, advertising, offering for sale. or selling grants or grant procurement goods or services.

II. BAN ON MARKETING OR SALE OF CREDIT-RELATED PRODUCTS

IT IS FURTHERORDERED hat Defendant Navestad, whether acting directly or through any other Person, corporation. part nership, subsidiary, division, agent, ot her device, is permanently or from engaging, restrained and enjoined participating, or assisting others in marketing, promoting, generating leads, advertising, offering for sale, or selling credit-related products.

INJUNCTION AGAINST VIOLATING THE TELEMARKETINGSALES RULE III. ΙT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Def endant Navestad and his acting directly Representa tives whether or through any other Person, corporation, partnership, subsidiary, division, agent, or permanently restrained from other device. are and enioined the Telemarketing Sales Rule, 16 C.F.R. Part 310. violating

including, but not limited to:

- A. Engaging in or initiating an outbound telephone call to a person's telephone number on the National Do Not Call Registry in violation of 16 C.F.R. § 310.4(b)(1)(iii)(B);
- В. Initiating, or causing others to initiate, an outbound telephone call to a telephone number with a given area code without the Defendants, either directly or through another person, first paying required annual for the fee access to the telephone numbers, within that Nationa I Do Not area code, that are on the i n violation of 16 C.F.R. Call Registry, 310.8:
- C. Abandoning, or causing others to abandon an outbound telephone call by failing to connect the call to a sales representative within two (2) seconds of the compl et ed greeting of the person answering the call, in violation of 16 C.F.R. § 310.4(b)(1)(iv);
- D. Initiating an outbound telemarketing call or engaging in an internal or external upsell that does not promptly provide the disclosures required by § 310.4(d) of the TSR;
- E. call Initiating any outbound telephone that delivers a pre-recorded message, other than a pre-recorded message permitted for compliance safe harbor with the call-abandonment 310.4(b)(4)(iii), unless the requirements in § 310.4(b)(1)(v)(A)(I)-(iv)are met, including seller written obtaining an express willingness of the agreement evidencing the recipient of the call to receive cal Is that deliver pre-recorded messages on behalf of a specific seller;
- F. Initiating any outbound telephone call that a prerecorded message, other than a delivers prerecorded message permitted for compliance abandonment with call safe harbor the in §310.4(b)(4)(iii) unless the requirements of §§ 310.4(b)(1)(v)(A) and 310.4(b)(1)(v)(B) are met;

- in which a full or partial refund will be granted to the consumer; and
- G. Any material aspect of the performance, efficacy, nature or other characteristic.
- V. INJUNCTION AGAINST USING OR MAINTAINING CONSUMER INFORMATION
- IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Defend ant his Navestad and Repr esentatives whether acting directly through othe r or any Person, corporation, partnership, subsidiary, division, agent, or other device, are hereby permanently restrained and enjoined from:
 - Α. renting, leasing, Selling, transferring , or otherwise disclosing, using, or benefitting (including from consumer customers and prospective customers) information, including the name, address, telephone number, email social security number, place employment, financial need, other identifying or any data that information, enables access to a consumer's account (including a credit card. bank account. or other financial account) of any person that was obtained by any of the Defendants in connection the marketing or sale of any product or service at anv time prior to the date Order this was entered:
 - B. of such consumer (including Failing to dispose customers and prospective customers) information in all forms in his possession. custody. or control within thirty (30) days after entry of this Order; and Disposal shall be by means that protect against unauthorized access to the customer information, such as by pulverizing, burning, or shredding any papers, and by erasing or destroying any electronic media, to ensure that the customer information be read or reconstructed. cannot practicably however. that customer information Provided. need not be disposed of, and may be disclosed, to the extent requested by a government agency

or required by a law, regulation, or court order.

information remedies) it consumer as reasonably determines to be related to Defendant Navestad's practices alleged in the Any funds or assets not used for Compl aint. such equitable relief shall be deposited the United States Treasury as disgorgement. Defendant Navestad shall have no right to challenge the Commission's choice of remedies under this Paragraph. Defendant Navestad shall have no right to conte st the manner of distribution chosen by the Commission.

- F. All funds paid pursuant to Section VI (B) of this Order shall be deposited to the United States Treasury.
- G. Defendant Navestad relinquishes all dominion, control, and title to the funds paid to the fullest extent permitted by law. Defendant Navestad shall make no claim to or demand for return of the funds, directly or indirectly, through counsel or otherwise.
- In accordance Н. with 31 U.S.C. § 7701, Defendant hereby required, Navestad is unless he has done so already, to furnish to the Commission his taxpayer identifying number and/or social security number, which shall be used for the purposes of collecting and reporting on anv delinguent amount arising out of Defendant Navestad's relationship with the government.

VII. LIMITED LIFTING OF ASSET FREEZE

IT IS FURTHERORDERED that the freez e of Defendants' assets set forth in the Preliminary Injunction Order [ECF #17] entered 21, 2009. this Court on July shall be lifted the to extent the Defendants' requir ed by necessary to turn over assets as Section VI of this Order, and upon completion of the turn-over, shall be lifted permanently.

VIII. ORDER ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

- IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Defend ant Navestad obtain acknowledgments of receipt of this Order:
 - A. Defendant, within 7 days of entry of this Order, must submit to the Commission ar acknowledgment of receipt of this Order sworn under penalty of perjury.
 - 10 years В. For after this entry of Order, Defendant, for any business that Defendant is the majority owner or directly or indirectly must deliver a copy of this Order controls, to: (1) all principals, officers, directors, and managers; (2) all employees. agents, and representatives who participate in marketing, promoting, offering for selling, sale, or promising any product through the Internet or telemarketing means, payment processors, list brokers, and lead generators used by this business; and (4) any business entity resulting from any change in structure as set forth in the Section titled Compliance Reporting. Delivery must occur within 7 days of entry of this Order for current personnel. To all others, delivery must occur before assume their responsibilities.
 - C. From each individual which entity or to Defendant delivered а copy of this Order, Defendant within 30 must obtain, days. signed and dated acknowledgment of receipt of this Order.
 - IX. COMPLIANCE REPORTING

IT IS FURTHERORDEREDthat Def endants make timely submissions to the Commission:

- A. 180 days after entry of this Order, Defendant must submit a compliance report, sworn under penalty of perjury. Defendant must:
 - (1) identify all telephone numbers and all email, Internet, physical, and postal addresses, including all residences;

- (2) identify all titles and roles in all business activities, including any business which such Defendant for performs services whether as an employee or otherwise and any entity in which such Defendant has any ownership interest; and
- (3)describe in detail such Defendant's involvement in each such business, including title, role, responsibilities, participation, authority, control, and any ownership;
- (4) designate at least one tel ephone number physical, and postal an email, and address as points of contact, which FTC may use to representatives of the communicate with Defendant;
- (5) it it

- 1. Defendant must report any change in:
 - (a) name, including aliases or fictitious name, or residence address; or
 - (b) title business or role in any including any business for activity, which such Defendant performs as an employee or services whether otherwise and any entity in which such Defendant has any ownership Överyg tébrójanya ey, entitoyr suame, and igni**Actitit**aje2 interest, physical address, Internet and address, if any; (c) any designated point of contact; or (d) any entity that Defendant has any ownership interest in or directly or indirectly controls that may affect compliance obligations arising under Order, including: creation, merger, sale, or dissolution of the or any subsidiary, entity parent, or that engages in any acts affiliate or practices subject to this Order.

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C. Defendant must submit to the &W70 \$` e × Æ÷=unddefjFPÀ plgFR

Service) to: Associate Director for Enforcement, Bureau of Consumer Protection, Federal Trade Commission, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20580. The subject line must begin: FTC v. Paul Navestad.

X. RECORD KEEPING

IS FURTHER ORDERED that Defendant must create certain records for 20 years after entry of the Order, and to retain each such record for 5 years. Specifically, for any business in which or collectively Chintana Defendant, individually with Defendant Maspakorn, is a majority owner or directly or indirectly controls, Defendant must maintain the following records:

A. Accounting records sh'ds The# ds

- F. A copy of all advertisements, sales scripts, materials, marketing training other or including, materials, but not limited to. mailers, brochures, websites, flyers, and postcards; and
- G. A copy of all contracts with suppliers, payment processors, list brokers, and lead generators.

XI. COMPLIANCE MONITORING

IT IS FURTHER ORDEREDthat, for the purpose of monitoring

Defendant's complian ce with this Order, including any failure to

transfer any assets as required by this Order:

- Α. Within 14 days of receipt of a written request from a representative of the FTC, Defendant must: submit additional compliance reports or other requested information, which must be sworn under penalty of perjury; appear for for depositions: and produce documents. The FTC is inspection and copying. also authorized obtain discovery, without to of court, further leave using any of the procedures prescribed by Federal Rules of 29, 30 (including Civil Procedure telephonic depositions), 31, 33, 34, 36, 45, and 69.
- B. For matters concerning this Order, the FTC is authorized to communicate directly with the Defendant. Defendant must permit representatives of the FTC to interview any employee or other person affiliated the with Defendant who has agreed to such an interview. The person interviewed may have counsel present.
- C. The FTC may use all other I awful means, posing, including through its representatives, as consumers, suppliers, or other individuals to Defendant or any individual or entities, or entity affiliated with the Defendant, without identification the necessity of prior or notice. Nothing in this Order limit s the

Commission's lawful use of compulsory process, pursuant to Sections 9 and 20 of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 49, 57b-1.

XII. RETENTION OF JURISDICTION

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED thom An fire A € À

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permanently restrained and enjoined from engaging, participating,
or assi st i ng others in marketing, promoting, generating leads,
advertising, offering for sale, or selling credit-related
products.

- III. INJUNCTION AGAINST VIOLATING THE TELEMARKETINGSALES RULE
- IT HEREBY ORDERED that IS Defendant Mæpakorn and her Repr esentatives whether acting directly through or any other Person, corporation, partnership, subsidiary, division, agent, or other device. are permanently restrained and enjoined from 16 C.F.R. violating the Telemarketing Sales Rule, Part 310. including, but not limited to:
 - A. Engaging in or initiating an outbound telephone call to a person's telephone number on the Nati onal Do Not Call Registry in violation of 16 C.F.R. § 310.4(b)(1)(iii)(B);
 - B. Initiating, or causing others to initiate, an outbound telephone call to a telephone number with a given area code without the Defendants, either directly or through first another person, paying the required annual fee for access to the telephone numbers. within that area code, that are on the National Do Not Call Registry, in violation of 16 C.F.R. § 310.8;
 - C. Abandoning, or causing others to abandon an outbound telephone call by failing to connect the call to a sales representative within two

 (2) seconds of the compl et ed greeting of the person answering the call, in violation of 16 C.F.R. § 310.4(b)(1)(iv);
 - D. Initiating an outbound telemarketing call or engaging in an internal or external upsell

- that does not promptly provide the disclosures required by § 310.4(d) of the TSR;
- E. any outbound Initiating telephone call that delivers a pre-recorded message, other than a pre-recorded message permitted for compliance call-abandonment safe with the harbor 310.4(b)(4)(iii), unless the requirements 310.4(b)(1)(v)(A)(I)-(iv)are met, including seller obtaining express written the an agreement evidencing the willingness of the to receive recip ient of the call calls that deliver pre-recorded messages on behalf of a specific seller:
- F. Initiating any outbound telephone call that delivers a prerecorded message, other than a prerecorded message permitted for compliance the abandonment safe harbor call §310.4(b)(4)(iii) the requirements unless of §§ 310.4(b)(1)(v)(A) and 310.4(b)(1)(v)(B) are met:
- G. In the event that the Commission amends the Telemarketing Sales Rule, in whole or in part, Defendant shall comply fully and completely with all applicable provisions of the Amended Rule. on after th e date of or such any amendment.

IV. INJUNCTION AGAINST MISREPRESENTATIONS

FURTHER ORDERED that IS Defendant Maspakorn and her Representatives whether act ing directly or through any other Person, corporation, partnership, subsidiary, division, agent or other device. in connection with the advertising, marketing, promotion, offering for sale, or sale of any good or service, are permanently restrained and enjoined from making or assisting others the making expressly by implication, any false in of, or or misleading statement or representation of material fact, including but not limited to:

- A. The income a consumer can earn;
- B. The amount or type of resource s or labor

employment, financial need, other identifying information, or any data that enables access to a consumer's account (including a credit card, bank account, or other financial account) of any person that was obtained by any of the Defendants in

pursuant to this Order, together with interest, shall immediately become due and

done so already, to furnish to the Commission her taxpayer identifying number and/or social security number, which shall be used for the purposes of

- selling, or promising any product through the Internet or by telemarketing means,
- (3) all payment processors, list brokers, and lead generators used by this business; and
- (4) any business entity resulting from any change in structure as set forth in the Section titled Compliance Reporting.

 Delivery must occur writting.

- participation, authority, control, and any ownership;
- designate (d) at least one telephone number physical, and postal an email, and which address as points of contact. FTC may use to representatives of the communicate with Defendant;
- (e) identify all of that Defendant's businesses by all of their names, telephone numbers, and physical, postal, email, and Internet addresses;
- (f) describe the activities of each business. including the products and services offered, the means of advertising. marketing, and sales, and the involvement of Defendant Paul Navestad, if any (which Defendant Maspakorn must describe if she knows or should know due to her own involvement)
- (g) describe in detail whether and how th at Defendant compliance is in with each Section of this Order; and (h) provide a copy of each Order Acknowledgment [and a copy of any bond] obtained pursuant to this Order. unless previously submitted to the Commission.
- B. For 20 years following entry of this Ord er, Defendant must submit a compliance notice, sworn under penalty of perjury, within 14 days of any change in the following:
 - 1. Defendant must report any change in:
 - (a) name, including aliases or fictitious name, or residence address; or
 - (b) title role anv business or in activity, including any business for which such Defendant performs as an employee or services whether otherwise and any entity in which such Defendant has any ownership

interest, and identify its name,

X. RECORD KEEPING

IT IS FURTHER ORDEREDthat Defendant must create certain records for 20 years after entry of the Order, and to retain each such record for 5 years. Specifically, for any business in which Defendant, individually or collectively with Defendant Chintana is a majority owner or directly Maspakorn, or indirectly controls, Defendant must maintain the following records:

- A. Account i ng records showing the revenues f r or all goods or services (including charitable or fund raising donations of any kind) sold, all costs incurred in generating those revenues, and the resulting net profit or loss;
- B. Personnel records showing, for each person providing services, whether as an employee or that person's: name, addresses, otherwise. telephone numbers: title job or position: service; dates and, if of applicable, the reason for termination;
- C. Cust omer files obtained after entry of this Order showing the names, addresses, telephone numbers, dollar amounts paid, and the quantity and description of goods or services purchased or donations provided;
- Complaints and refund requests, whether received directly or indirectly, such as through a third party, and any response;
- E. All records necessary to demonstrate full compliance with each provision of this Order, including all solbremits ions toothe Orodinemits ion ±D % unless with the y ×&òT

G. A copy of all contracts with suppliers, payment processors, list brokers, and lead generators.

XI. COMPLIANCE MONITORING

IT IS FURTHERORDEREDthat, for the purpose of monitoring

Defendant's compliance with this Order, including any failure to

transfer any assets as required by this Order:

- Α. Within 14 days of receipt of a written request from a representative of the FTC, Defendant must: submit additional compliance reports or other requested information, which must be sworn under penalty of perjury; appear for depositions; documents, and produce for inspection and copying. The FTC is also authorized discovery, to obtain without of court, further leave using any of the procedures prescribed by Federal Rules 29, 30 (including Civil Procedure telephonic depositions), 31, 33, 34, 36, 45, and 69.
- B. For matters concerning this Order, the FTC is to communicate authorized directly with the Defendant. Def endant must permit of the FTC to interview representatives any employee or other person affiliated with the Defendant who has agreed to such an interview. The interviewed may haven person counsel present.
- C. The FTC may use all ot her lawful means, including posing, through its representatives, as consumers, suppliers, or other individuals or entities, to Defendant or any individual or entity affiliated with the Defendant, without the necessity of identification or prior Nothing in this Order limits notice. the use of compulsory Commission's lawful process, pursuant to Sections 9 and 20 of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 49, 57b-1.

XII. RETENTION OF JURISDICTION

ΙT IS FURTHER ORDERED that this Court shall retain jurisd i ct ion of this matter for purposes construction, of modification, and enforcement of this Order.

ALL OF THE ABOVE IS SO ORDERED.

S/Michael A. Telesca
MICHAEL A. TELESCA
United States District Judge

Dated: Rochester, New York March 23, 2012