

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

V. EFFECTS OF THE ACQUISITION

9. The effects of the Acquisition, if consummated, may be to substantially lessen competition and to tend to create a monopoly in the relevant markets in violation of Section 7 of the Clayton Act, as amended, 15 U.S.C. § 18, and Section 5 of the FTC Act, as amended, 15 U.S.C. § 45, by eliminating actual, direct, and substantial competition between Abbott and Alere in the markets for point-of-care blood gas testing systems and point-of-care cardiac marker testing systems, thereby increasing the likelihood in these markets that: (1) a combined Abbott-Alere would be able to unilaterally exercise market power; (2) customers would be forced to pay higher prices; and (3) consumers would experience lower levels of innovation for each relevant product.

VI. CONDITIONS OF ENTRY AND EXPANSION

10. Entry into the relevant markets described in Paragraphs 5 and 6 would not be likely or sufficient in magnitude, character, and scope to deter or counteract the anticompetitive effects of the Acquisition. De novo entry would not take place in a timely manner because the product development, U.S. Food and Drug Administration approval, and market adoption times are lengthy. No other entry is likely to occur to deter or counteract the competitive harm likely to result from the Acquisition.

VII. VIOLATIONS CHARGED

- 11. The Agreement and Plan of Merger and the Amendment to Agreement and Plan of Merger described in Paragraph 4 constitute a violation of Section 5 of the FTC Act, as amended, 15 U.S.C. § 45.
- 12. The Acquisition described in Paragraph 4, if consummated, would constitute a violation of Section 7 of the Clayton Act, as amended, 15 U.S.C. § 18, and Section 5 of the FTC Act, as amended, 15 U.S.C. § 45.

WHEREFORE, THE PREMISES CONSIDERED, the Federal Trade Commission on this twenty-eighth day of September, 2017, issues its Complaint against said Respondents.

By the Commission.

Donald S.	Clark
Secretary	

SEAL: